

This question paper contains 4 printed pages]

B—102—2019

FACULTY OF ARTS/SCIENCE

B.A./B.Sc. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

MARCH/APRIL, 2019

(CBCS/CGPA Pattern)

MATHEMATICS

Paper II

(Algebra and Trigonometry)

(MCQ+Theory)

(Saturday, 30-3-2019)

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time—2 Hours

Maximum Marks—40

N.B. :— (i) Attempt All questions.

(ii) Negative system for MCQ is applicable.

(iii) Use black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct answer in OMR answer-sheet. Circle once darken is final.

(iv) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

(MCQ)

1. Choose the most *correct* alternative for each of the following : 1 each

(i) If $A = [a_{ij}]$ and $B = [b_{ij}]$ be any two matrices of the same type $m \times n$ and x and y are scalars, then which one of the following is wrong ?

(A) $x(A + B) = xA + xB$ (B) $(x + y)A = xA + yA$

(C) $x(yA) \neq (xy)A$ (D) $A(x + y) = Ax + Ay$

(ii) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} i & 0 \\ 0 & i \end{bmatrix}$, $n \in \mathbf{N}$, then A^{4n} equals to :

(A) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & i \\ i & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (B) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

(C) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ (D) None of these

P.T.O.

(iii) If the matrix AB is zero, then :

- (A) It is not necessary that either $A = 0$ or $B = 0$
 (B) $A = 0$ or $B = 0$
 (C) $A = 0$ and $B = 0$
 (D) All the above statements are wrong

(iv) The rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & -2 \\ 5 & 1 & -4 \\ -2 & -4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ is :

- (A) 1 (B) 2
 (C) 0 (D) 3

(v) The no. of solutions to the system $x + y = 0$ is/are :

- (A) Unique (B) Infinite
 (C) Only one solution (D) Two solutions (only)

(vi) If $AX = B$ is a non-homogeneous system of equations, then system have unique solution if :

- (A) $\rho(A) = \rho[A : B]$ (B) $\rho(A) = \text{no. of unknown}$
 (C) $\rho(A) \leq \rho[A : B]$ (D) Both (A) and (B)

(vii) Which one of the following matrix is in row reduced echelon form ?

- (A) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (B) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
 (C) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (D) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

(viii) The modulus of a complex quantity $3 + 4i$ is :

- (A) 25 (B) -25
(C) 5 (D) -5

(ix) If $x = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$, then $x - \frac{1}{x}$ is equal to :

- (A) $2 \sin \theta$ (B) $2i \sin \theta$
(C) $\cos 2\theta$ (D) $2 \cos \theta$

(x) Which one of the following is true ?

- (A) $\cos x = \frac{e^{ix} + e^{-ix}}{2}$ (B) $\sin x = \frac{e^{ix} - e^{-ix}}{2i}$
(C) $\sin x = \frac{e^{ix} - e^{-ix}}{2}$ (D) $\cos x = \frac{e^{ix} + e^{-ix}}{2}$

(Theory)

2. Attempt any *two* of the following :

5 each

(a) Prove that the necessary and sufficient conditions for a square matrix A to possess the inverse is that $|A| \neq 0$.

(b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ find AB, BA.

Is $AB = BA$?

(c) Show that the matrix $A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & -1+i \\ 1+i & 1-i \end{bmatrix}$ is unitary.

P.T.O.

3. Attempt any *two* of the following : 5 each

(a) A system $AX = B$ of n linear equations in n unknown is consistent if and only if the coefficient matrix A and the augmented matrix $[A : B]$ of the system have the same rank.

(b) Solve the system of equations :

$$x + 3y - 2z = 0$$

$$2x - y + 4z = 0$$

$$x - 11y + 14z = 0.$$

(c) Find the characteristic roots of the matrix :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

4. Attempt any *two* of the following : 5 each

(a) Expand \sin_0^n in a series of cosines or sines of multiple of θ , according as n is even.

(b) Expand \cos_0^7 in a series of cosines of multiples of θ .

(c) Separate into real and imaginary parts of the quantity : $\sin^{-1}(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$, where θ is real.