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**R—104—2017**

**FACULTY OF SCIENCE**

**B.Sc. (First Year) (Second Semester) EXAMINATION**

**MARCH/APRIL, 2017**

**(CBCS Pattern)**

**PHYSICS**

**Paper IV**

**(Electricity and Magnetism)**

**(MCQ & Theory)**

**(Saturday, 8-4-2017)**

**Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon**

**Time—2 Hours**

**Maximum Marks—40**

**N.B. :— (i) All questions are compulsory.**

**(ii) Non-programmable calculator is allowed.**

**MCQ**

1. Choose the *correct* alternative : 10

(i) The frequency of LCR series resonance circuit is :

(a)  $f_0 = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1}{LC}}$  (b)  $f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{LC}$

(c)  $f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{1}{LC}}$  (d)  $f_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{LC}}$

(ii) For an ideal transformer :

(a)  $V_1I_1 = V_2I_2$  (b)  $N_1I_1 = N_2I_2$

(c)  $N_1V_1 = N_2V_2$  (d)  $V_1I_2 = V_2I_1$

(iii) An inductance coil used to limit the current in a circuit is called as :

(a) Resistance (b) Choke

(c) Transformer (d) Filter

P.T.O.

(iv) The energy stored in the inductance, when a current I is passing through it, is :

$$(a) \quad \frac{1}{2} LI^2 \qquad (b) \quad \frac{1}{2} L^2 I$$

$$(c) \quad 2LI^2 \qquad (d) \quad L^2 I^2$$

(v) The unit of magnetic flux in SI system is :

$$(a) \quad \text{Henry} \qquad (b) \quad \text{Weber}$$

$$(c) \quad \text{Ampere} \qquad (d) \quad \text{Farad}$$

(vi) The equation of electromagnetic induction is :

$$(a) \quad e = -\frac{dI}{dt} \qquad (b) \quad e = -\frac{dt}{d\phi}$$

$$(c) \quad e = -\frac{d\phi}{dt} \qquad (d) \quad e = -\frac{dt}{dI}$$

(vii) The intensity of magnetisation, I = .....

$$(a) \quad \text{MV} \qquad (b) \quad \text{V/A}$$

$$(c) \quad \text{V/M} \qquad (d) \quad \text{M/V}$$

(viii) The permeability of magnetic material is :

$$(a) \quad \mu = \frac{H}{B} \qquad (b) \quad \mu = \frac{I}{H}$$

$$(c) \quad \mu = BH \qquad (d) \quad \mu = \frac{B}{H}$$

(ix) The Amperes circuital law is started as :

$$(a) \quad \bar{B} = \int \mu_0 I \qquad (b) \quad \oint \bar{B} dl = \mu_0 I$$

$$(c) \quad \oint \bar{B} dl = 2I_0 \qquad (d) \quad \oint \bar{B} dl = \mu_0 H$$

- (x) The magnetic induction at a point due to a straight conductor carrying a current I is :

$$(a) \quad \bar{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi a}$$

$$(b) \quad \bar{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi a^2}$$

$$(c) \quad \bar{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{\pi a}$$

$$(d) \quad \bar{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi}$$

### Theory

2. Attempt any *five* of the following : 10

- Define power factor in an a.c. circuit.
- State Faradays laws of electromagnetic induction.
- Define intensity of magnetisation.
- State Biot-Savart law.
- Define coefficient of self inductance. State its unit.
- What is hysteresis loop ?
- What is a transformer ?

3. Attempt any *two* of the following : 10

- Discuss on various power losses in a transformer.
- Obtain an expression for self inductance of a solenoid.
- Write a note on Logarithmic decrement.
- Derive an expression for the force on a current carrying conductor.

4. Attempt the following : 10

- Describe the A.C. bridge with neat diagram.
- Derive an expression for the energy stored in an inductance.

Or

- (x) Using Biot-Savart law, derive an expression for the magnetic induction at a point due to a straight conductor carrying current.