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BF—102—2016

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

B.Sc. (Third Semester) EXAMINATION

OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2016

ZOOLOGY

Paper VI

(Genetics)

(MCQ + Theory)

(Monday, 24-10-2016)

Time : 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.

Time—2 Hours

Maximum Marks—10+30=40

- N.B. :—*
- (i) All questions are compulsory.*
 - (ii) Draw neat and labelled diagrams wherever necessary.*
 - (iii) All questions carry equal marks.*

MCQ

1. Select the correct answer from the given multiple choices : 10
- (1) The alternative forms of same gene on homologous chromosome are called as
 - (A) Factors
 - (B) Genomes
 - (C) Alleles
 - (D) Determinants
 - (2) The external appearance of an organism is called as
 - (A) Genotypes
 - (B) Phenotypes
 - (C) Genomes
 - (D) Traits
 - (3) The AB blood group person is called as
 - (A) Universal donor
 - (B) Universal recipient
 - (C) Permanent recipient
 - (D) Partial donor
 - (4) The linkage was discovered by
 - (A) T. H. Morgan
 - (B) Bateson
 - (C) Mendel
 - (D) Punnet

P.T.O.

- (5) The crossing over occurs during
- (A) Meiosis (B) Mitosis
(C) Amitosis (D) None of these
- (6) The genic balance theory was formulated by
- (A) Bridges (B) Morgan
(C) Bateson (D) M. C. Clug
- (7) The colour blindness shows
- (A) Criscross inheritance (B) Zigzag inheritance
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) Straight inheritance
- (8) In sickle cell anaemia, which amino acid is substituted in haemoglobin molecule.
- (A) Glutamic acid by valine
(B) Valine by Glutamic acid
(C) Methionine by lysine
(D) Lysine by methione
- (9) Micromolecular model of DNA was proposed by
- (A) Watson and Crick (B) Bateson and Punnet
(C) Corren (D) Morgan
- (10) The Klinefelter's syndrome is caused by
- (A) Trisomy (B) Monosomy
(C) Tetrasomy (D) None of these

Theory

2. Define intereaction of genes. How inhibitory factor modify Mendelian ratio. Give suitable example. 10

Or

Write short notes on :

- (a) Laws of segregation
(b) Alkaptonuria.

3. What are multiple alleles ? Explain the skin pigmentation in man. 10

Or

Write short notes on :

- (a) Factors affecting the crossing over
- (b) Types of RNA.

4. What are mutations ? Describe the structural mutations. 10

Or

Write short notes on :

- (a) Haemophilia
- (b) Structure of DNA.