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W—41—2018
FACULTY OF SCIENCE
B.Sc. (Second Year) (Fourth Semester) EXAMINATION OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2018
(CBCS/CGPA Pattern)
CHEMISTRY
Paper VIII (CCC IV)
(Organic and Inorganic Chemistry)
(MCQ+Theory)
(Thursday, 11-10-2018)
Time : 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.
Time-2 Hours
Maximum Marks-40
N.B. :- (i) Attempt All questions.
(ii) All questions carry equal marks.
(iii) Use separate answer-sheet (OMR sheet) for MCQ Q. No. 1.
(iv) Use of black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct choice in OMR-sheet.
(v) Use only one answer-book for Section A and B.
(MCQ)

1. Select the correct answer for each of the following multiple choice questions :
(i) The separation of Racemic mixture into its two optically active compounds is known as $\qquad$
(A) Racemisation
(B) Resolution
(C) Crystallisation
(D) Enantiomerism
(ii) Which of the following compounds is Z form of geometrical isomer ?
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

P.T.O.
(iii) Fructose is $\qquad$
(A) Ketose
(B) Aldose
(C) Glycose
(D) All of these
(iv) Anomers of glucose ( $\alpha$ form and $\beta$ form) differ in the stereochemistry at $\qquad$
(A) $\mathrm{C}-1$
(B) $\mathrm{C}-2$
(C) $\mathrm{C}-3$
(D) $\mathrm{C}-4$
( $V$ ) Aniline + Aldehyde $\xrightarrow{\text { Warm }} \mathrm{A}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$; where A is
(A) carbyl amine
(B) acetanilide
(C) schiff base
(D) benzoyl chloride
(vi) Which of the following compounds is least basic ?
(A) p-methoxy aniline
(B) $\quad p$-nitro aniline
(C) Aniline
(D) p-methyl aniline
(vii) $\mathrm{A}+2 \mathrm{O}_{2}$ (air) $\xrightarrow{\text { Strong heat }} \mathrm{OsO}_{4}$; where A is :
(A) Se
(B) Pb
(C) Os
(D) Fe
(viii) Which of the following trivalent Lanthanide ion is diamagnetic ?
(A) $\mathrm{Tm}^{+3}$
(B) $\mathrm{Pr}^{+3}$
(C) $\mathrm{Lu}^{+3}$
(D) $\mathrm{Nd}^{+3}$
(ix) Which of the following ions is colourless in its aqueous solution ?
(A) $\quad \mathrm{Th}^{+4}$
(B) $\quad \mathrm{Np}^{+3}$
(C) $\mathrm{Am}^{+3}$
(D) $\mathrm{Cm}^{+3}$
(x) Which of the following do not belong to the same group ?
(A) $\mathrm{Cr}, \mathrm{Mo}, \mathrm{W}$
(B) $\mathrm{Ni}, \mathrm{Pd}, \mathrm{Pt}$
(C) $\mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{Ag}, \mathrm{Au}$
(D) $\mathrm{Mn}, \mathrm{Ru}, \mathrm{Re}$

## (Theory)

## Section A

(Organic Chemistry)
2. Solve any two of the following :
(a) Discuss enantiomers and diastereoisomers with suitable example.
(b) Give reduction reactions of nitrobenzene under alkaline medium in detail.
(c) Explain osazone formation of glucose with mechanism.
(d) Give two methods for the synthesis of $\mathrm{BF}_{3}$. What happens when :
(i) $\mathrm{OsO}_{4}$ reacts with alkene
(ii) $\mathrm{SeO}_{2}$ reacts with cyclohexanone
(iii) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ reacts with CO in the presence of $\mathrm{BF}_{3}$ ?
3. Solve any two of the following :
(a) Explain with suitable example :
(i) Plane of symmetry and centre of symmetry.
(ii) Walden inversion.
(b) Predict the products :
(i) $\quad \mathrm{CO}_{2}+2 \mathrm{NH}_{3} \xrightarrow[35 \mathrm{~atm}]{130-150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}}$
(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

(v)

(c) How will you prepare Selenium dioxide? Give its any four synthetic applications.
(d) Explain cyclic structure of glucose.

## Section B

(Inorganic Chemistry)
4. Answer any two of the following :
(a) What is Lanthanide contraction ? Give its cause and consequences.
(b) Compare the properties of actinides with that of lanthanides.
(c) Write the electronic configuration of third transition series.
(d) (i) Give three ores of uranium with formulae.
(ii) Write a note on Fulmunating gold.

