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**BF—60—2016**

**FACULTY OF SCIENCE**

**B.A./B.Sc. (Third Year) (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION**

**OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2016**

**MATHEMATICS**

Paper XIV (MT-302)

(Linear Algebra)

**(Tuesday, 18-10-2016)**

**Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon**

*Time—2 Hours*

*Maximum Marks—40*

*N.B. :—(i) All questions are compulsory.*

*(ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Attempt any *five* of the following : 2 each

(a) Define the internal direct sum.

(b) Define the subspace of a vector space V.

(c) For  $\alpha \in \mathbb{F}$  and  $u \in V$  prove that :

$$\|\alpha u\| = |\alpha| \|u\|$$

(d) Define an algebraic number.

(e) Define invertible mapping.

(f) Define rank of T.

2. Attempt any *two* of the following : 5 each

(a) If V is the internal direct sum of  $u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n$ , then prove that V is isomorphic to the external direct sum of  $u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n$ .

P.T.O.

- (b) If  $A$  and  $B$  are finite-dimensional subspaces of a vector space  $V$ , then prove that  $A + B$  is finite-dimensional and :

$$\dim(A + B) = \dim(A) + \dim(B) - \dim(A \cap B)$$

- (c) In a vector space show that :

$$\alpha(v - w) = \alpha v - \alpha w.$$

3. Attempt any *two* of the following : 5 each

- (a) If  $u, v \in V$  and  $\alpha, \beta \in F$ , then prove that :

$$(\alpha u + \beta v, \alpha u + \beta v) = \alpha \bar{\alpha}(u, u) + \alpha \bar{\beta}(u, v) + \bar{\alpha} \beta(v, u) + \beta \bar{\beta}(v, v)$$

- (b) Let  $V$  be a finite-dimensional inner product space, then prove that  $V$  has an orthonormal set as a basis.

- (c) In vector space  $V$ , define the distance  $d(u, v)$  from  $u$  to  $v$  by

$$d(u, v) = \|u - v\|$$

then prove that :

(i)  $d(u, v) \geq 0$  and  $d(u, v) = 0$  if and only if  $u = v$

(ii)  $d(u, v) = d(v, u)$

(iii)  $d(u, v) \leq d(u, w) + d(w, v)$

4. Attempt any *two* of the following : 5 each

- (a) If  $A$  is an algebra, with unit element, over  $F$ , then prove that  $A$  is isomorphic to a subalgebra of  $A(V)$  for some vector space  $V$  over  $F$ .

- (b) If  $V$  is finite-dimensional over  $F$ , then prove that  $T \in A(V)$  is regular if and only if  $T$  maps  $V$  onto  $V$ .
- (c) Let  $V$  be two-dimensional over the field  $F$ , of real numbers, with a basis  $V_1, V_2$ . Find the characteristic roots and corresponding characteristic vectors for  $T$  defined by

$$V_1 T = V_1 + V_2,$$

$$V_2 T = V_1 - V_2.$$