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R-76-2017

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

B.Sc. (Third Year) (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION MARCH/APRIL, 2017

MATHEMATICS

Paper XV

[Mechanics—I (Statics)]

(Monday, 3-4-2017)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time—2 Hours

Maximum Marks—40

N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Attempt any five of the following:

2 each

- (a) Define an axiom for equilibrium of two forces.
- (b) Define the resultant of system of forces.
- (c) If the magnitudes of two forces \vec{P} and \vec{Q} are equal, then find the magnitude and direction of the resultant of the two forces \vec{P} and \vec{Q} .
- (d) State the triangle law of forces.
- (e) Define the moment of the force \overrightarrow{F} about O.
- (f) Write the conditions of equilibrium of forces acting on a rigid body in cartesian form.
- 2. Attempt any two of the following:

5 each

- (a) Find the resultant of two unlike parallel forces acting upon a rigid body.
- (b) State and prove the law of parallelogram of forces.

P.T.O.

- (c) A particle is acted upon by three forces in one plane, equal to 2, $2\sqrt{2}$ and 1 kg respectively. The first force is horizontal, the second acts at 45° to the horizontal, and the third is vertical. Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant.
- 3. Attempt any two of the following:

5 each

- (a) State and prove Lami's theorem.
- (b) State and prove triangle law of forces.
- (c) A and B are two smooth pegs in a horizontal line at a distance 5 m apart. Two light enextensible strings CA and CB of lengths 3 m and 4 m respectively attached to pegs. Find the tensions in the strings, when a weight of 10 kg is suspended from C.
- 4. Attempt any two of the following:

5 each

- (a) Prove that the sum of the vector moments of two like parallel forces acting on a rigid body about any point is equal to the vector moment of their resultant about the same point.
- (b) Find the necessary and sufficient condition that a given system of forces acting upon a rigid body in equilibrium is that the force-sum and moment-sum must separately vanish.
- (c) A force F of magnitude 8 units acts at a point P(2, 3, 4) along the line:

$$\frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{y-3}{4} = \frac{z-4}{5}.$$

Find the moment of the force \overrightarrow{F} about *x*-axis.