This question paper contains 2 printed pages]

# W-50-2018

### FACULTY OF ARTS/SCIENCE

B.A./B.Sc. (Third Year) (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION

#### OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2018

## (CGPA Pattern)

#### MATHEMATICS

#### Paper XIII (MT-301)

(Metric Spaces)

#### (Saturday, 13-10-2018)

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time—2 Hours			Maximum Marks—40	
N.B.	: (	<i>i</i> ) All questions are compulsory.		
	()	<i>i</i> ) Figures to the right indicate full marks.		
1.	Atten	npt any <i>five</i> of the following :	2 each	
	( <i>a</i> )	Define Neighbourhood of a point.		
	( <i>b</i> )	Define Subspace of a metric space $(X, d)$		
	( <i>c</i> )	Define complete metric space.		
	( <i>d</i> )	State Banach fixed point theorem.		
	( <i>e</i> )	Define Compact metric space.		
	( <i>f</i> )	Define separated sets on a metric space.		
2.	Atten	Attempt any <i>two</i> of the following : 5 each 5		
	( <i>a</i> )	Let (X, d) be any metric space. Prove that A subset F of X is closed		
		if and only if its complement in X is open.		
	( <i>b</i> )	Let A and B be any two subsets of a metric sp	pace (X, d). Then prove	
		that $\overline{A \cup B} = \overline{A} \cup \overline{B}$ .		
	( <i>c</i> )	Show that the set $\mathbb{R}^n$ of all ordered <i>n</i> -tuples wit	h the function $d$ defined	
		by :		
		$d(x, y) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (xi - yi^2)^{\frac{1}{2}},$		

for all  $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n), y = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n) \in \mathbb{R}^n$  is a metric space. P.T.O.

5 each

- 3. Attempt any *two* of the following :
  - (a) Let (X,d) be any metric space and A be any non-empty subset of X, then prove that  $x \in \overline{A}$  if and only if there exists a sequence  $\{x_n\}$  in A such that  $x_n \to x$ , as  $n \to \infty$ .
  - (b) Let  $(X, d_1)$  and  $(Y, d_2)$  be any two be any two metric spaces and f is a function from X into Y. Then prove that f is continuous at  $a \in X$  if and only if for every sequence  $\{a_n\}$  converging to 'a' we have  $\lim_{x\to\infty} f(a_n) = f(a)$ .

(c) If 
$$f(x) = x^2$$
,  $a \le x \le \frac{1}{3}$ , then prove that  $f$  is a contraction mapping on  $\left[0, \frac{1}{3}\right]$  with the usual metric  $d$ .

- 4. Attempt any *two* of the following : 5 each
  - (a) Prove that every compact subset A of a metric space (X, d) is bounded.
  - (b) Let A be a connected subset of a metric X, and let B be a subset of X such that  $\underline{ACBCA}$ , then prove that B is also connected.
  - (c) Discuss the connectedness of the following subset of the Euclidean space  ${\rm R}^2\,$  :
    - D = {(x,y) :  $x \neq 0$  and  $y = \sin 1/x$ .}

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