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W-80-2018

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

B.Sc. (Third Year) (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2018

(CBCS Course)

MATHEMATICS

Paper XIV

(Operation Research)

(Friday, 19-10-2018)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time—2 Hours

Maximum Marks—40

N.B. := (i) All questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. Attempt any four of the following:

2 each

- (a) What is unbounded solution?
- (b) Define standard form.
- (c) Define Improved Basic feasible solution.
- (d) Define Net evaluation.
- (e) Define Degenerate solution.
- (f) Define non-negative artificial variable.
- 2. Attempt any *two* of the following:

4 each

- (a) Explain the major steps in the solution of linear programming problem by graphical method.
- (b) The set of feasible solutions to an L.P.P. is a convex set. Prove it.
- (c) Use the graphical method to solve the following LPP:

Maximize : $Z = 2x_1 + 3x_2$;

Subject to the constraints:

$$x_1 + x_2 \le 30, \ x_1 - x_2 \ge 0, \ x_2 \ge 3,$$

 $0 \le x_1 \le 20 \text{ and } 0 \le x_2 \le 12.$

P.T.O.

- 3. Attempt any *one* of the following:
 - (a) (i) Prove that any convex combination of K different optimum solutions to an L.P.P. is again an optimum solution to the problem.
 - (ii) Maximize:

$$Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$$

Subject to the constraints:

$$2x_1 + x_2 \le 2$$
, $3x_1 + 4x_2 \ge 12$, x_1 , $x_2 \ge 0$

- (b) (i) Let X_B be a basic feasible solution to the L.P.P.: Maximize Z = CX, subject to AX = b, $X \ge 0$. Let \hat{X}_B be another basic feasible solution obtained by admitting a non-basis column vector a_j in the basis, for which the net evaluation $Z_j C_j$ is negative. Then prove that \hat{X}_B is an improved basic feasible solution to the problem, that is $\hat{C}_B\hat{X}_B > C_BX_B$.
 - (ii) Use two-phase Simplex method to solve:

Maximize

$$Z = 5x_1 + 3x_2$$

Subject to the constraints:

$$2x_1 + x_2 \le 1$$
, $x_1 + 4x_2 \ge 6$ and $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$.

4. Attempt any *two* of the following:

4 each

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- (a) Explain the LP formulation of the Transportation problem.
- (b) Explain special cases in Assignment problems.

(c) The following is the cost matrix of assigning 4 clerks to 4 key punching jobs. Find the optimal assignment if clerk 1 cannot be assigned to job 1:

Clerk	Š	Job			
	1	2	3	4	
1	\$ 1 0 8	5	2	0	
2	4	7	5	6	
3	5	8	4	3	
4	3	6	6	2	

What is the minimum total cost?

5. Attempt any one of the following:

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(a) A farm is engaged in breeding pigs. The pigs are fed on various products grown on the farm. In view of the need to ensure certain nutrient constituents (call them X, Y and Z), it is necessary to buy two additional products, say, A and B. One unit of product A contains 36 units of X, 3 units of Y and 20 units of Z. One unit of product B contains 6 units of X, 12 units of Y and 10 units of Z. The minimum requirement of X, Y and Z is 108 units, 36 units and 100 units respectively. Product A costs Rs. 20 per unit and product B Rs. 40 per unit.

Formulate the above as a linear programming problem to minimize the total cost, and solve the problem by using graphic method.

- (b) Let an L.P.P have a basic feasible solution. If we drop one of the basis vectors and introduce a non-basis vector in the basis set, then prove that new solution obtained is also a basic feasible solution.
- (c) Explain the Hungarian Assignment problem.