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**AI—283—2017**

**FACULTY OF SCIENCE**

**M.Sc. (Second Semester) EXAMINATION**

**OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2017**

**CHEMISTRY**

Paper (CH-424)

(Principles of Spectroscopy)

**(Saturday, 18-11-2017)**

**Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.**

*Time—Three Hours*

*Maximum Marks—75*

- N.B. :—*
- (i) Attempt *All* questions.
  - (ii) Use of calculator or logarithmic table is allowed.
  - (iii) Useful constants :

$$c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js.}$$

1. Answer any *three* of the following : 3×5=15
  - (a) Give an account of transition probability.
  - (b) The internuclear distance of CO molecule is 1.13 Å. Calculate the energy of the first excited rotational level. ( $^{12}\text{C} = 1.99 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$ ,  $^{16}\text{O} = 2.66 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$ ).
  - (c) State and explain stark effect.
  - (d) Give the chemical information obtained from ESCA.
  - (e) Explain factors influencing coupling constant T.
2. Answer any *three* of the following : 15
  - (a) Give an account of polarisation and scattering of electromagnetic radiation.
  - (b) Calculate the vibrational of the C—H bond if the force constant for the single bond is  $5 \times 10^5 \text{ dynes cm}^{-1}$ .

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- (c) Explain the vector coupling with suitable diagram.
- (d) Explain the factors affecting the 'g' value.
- (e) Explain classical theory of Raman effect.
3. Answer the following :
- (a) State and explain Franck-Condon principle. Give an account of transition metal complexes. 8
- Or*
- Give an account of quadrupole, nuclei, quadrupole moments and electric field gradient. 8
- (b) Explain vibrational-rotational Raman spectra and mutual exclusion principle. 7
- Or*
- Explain Morse potential energy diagram. Give an account of Vibration-rotation Spectroscopy with P, Q, R branches. 7
4. (a) Enumerate the principle involved in nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy. Explain ABX and AMX splitting in NMR. 8
- Or*
- Explain the principle of electron spin resonance spectroscopy. Give an account of hyperfine interaction. 8
- (b) What is chemical shift? Describe the factors influencing the chemical shift. 7
- Or*
- Explain the principle involved in Raman Spectroscopy. Give the applications of Raman spectroscopy. 7

5. (A) Select the *correct* alternative for the following : 5

(i) The absorbance of solution with transmittance 0.309 is :

(a) 0.51

(b) 0.41

(c) 5.1

(d) 4.1

(ii) The oblate symmetric top molecule in which the moment of inertia is :

(a)  $I_B \neq I_C = I_A$

(b)  $I_B = I_C < I_A$

(c)  $I_B = I_C > I_A$

(d)  $I_B = I_C = I_A$

(iii) The actual value of nuclear spin depends upon :

(a) mass number

(b) atomic number

(c) both (a) and (b)

(d) shielding effect

(iv) A prolate charge distribution with its axis parallel to  $z$ -axis will give :

(a) Positive quadrapole movement

(b) Negative quadrapole movement

(c) Zero

(d) None of the above

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- (v) When an unpaired electron interact with three equivalent protons, how many number of lines are observed in e.s.r spectrum ?
- (a) 1
  - (b) 2
  - (c) 3
  - (d) 4
- (B) Write short notes on any two of the following : 10
- (i) Nuclear resonance
  - (ii) Charge transfer spectra
  - (iii) Karmer's degeneracy.