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AY—12—2018

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

M.Sc. (Second Year) (Third Semester) EXAMINATION

MARCH/APRIL, 2018

(CBCS Pattern)

CHEMISTRY

Paper CH-531

(Advanced Spectroscopic Methods)

(Monday, 9-4-2018)

Time : 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

N.B. :- (i) All questions are compulsory.

(ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

(iii) Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) should be attempted only once on page number three of answer-book with complete answer.

1. Attempt any *three* of the following : 15

(a) Explain trans-stilbene absorbs at longer wavelength as compared to cis-stilbene in U.V. spectra.

(b) Explain the effect of H-bonding in I.R. absorption spectra.

(c) Explain the calculation of IR absorption frequency by using Hooke's law.

(d) Mass spectrum of toluene displays the following peaks :

m/e 92, 91, 65.

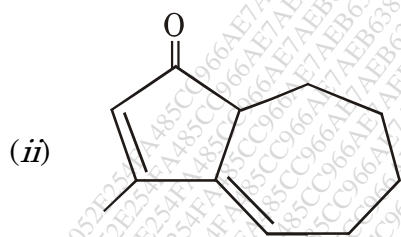
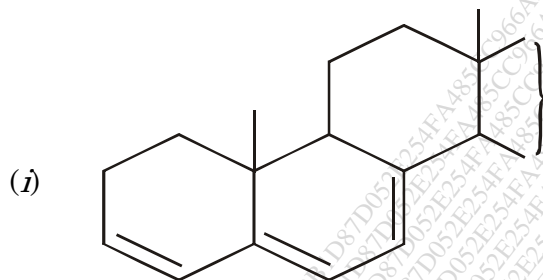
(e) TMS solvent used as standard reference in NMR spectroscopy.

P.T.O.

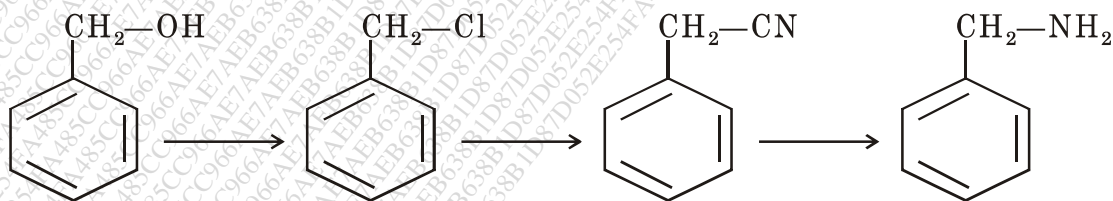
2. Attempt any *three* of the following :

15

(a) Calculate the λ_{\max} (absorption maxima) for the following :



(b) How will you monitor the following sequence of reaction by using IR spectroscopy :



(c) Deduce the structure of a compound using ^{13}C NMR data :

Mol. formula :



δ : 20(*q*), 30(*q*), 70(*t*), 170(*s*).

- (d) What will be the force constant for the bond in CO, if fundamental vibrational frequency is $6.4296 \times 10^{13} \text{ s}^{-1}$.

Given :

$$C = 12.011$$

$$O = 15.999.$$

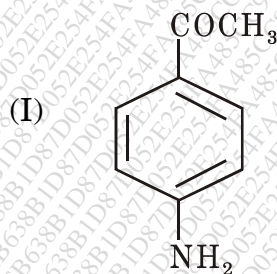
- (e) Ethyl benzoate can display the characteristic peaks in mass spectrum : $m/z = 150, 122, 105, 77$. Explain the fragmentation pattern.

3. Solve the following :

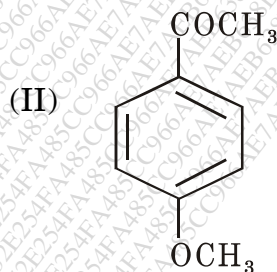
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- (a) Offer explanation :

- (i)  absorption frequency of the following compound in IR spectra :

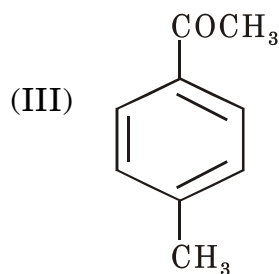


1677 cm^{-1}



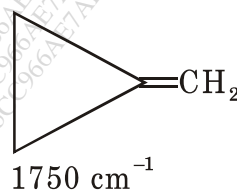
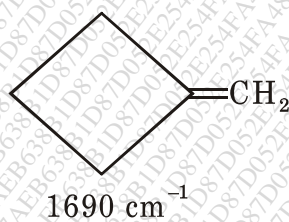
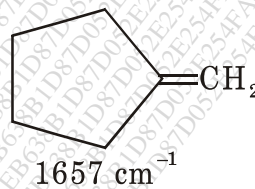
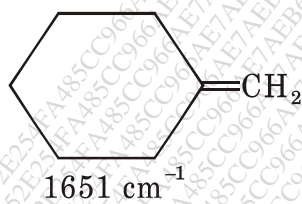
1684 cm^{-1}

P.T.O.



1693 cm^{-1}

- (ii) stretching absorption frequency of the following compounds in IR spectra :



Or

- (i) A compound with mol. formula $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ shows four signals in ^1H NMR :

$\delta = 1.1$ (S, 6H).

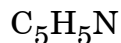
2.1 (S, 3H)

2.6 (S, 2H)

3.9 (S, 1H)

Propose a structure.

(ii) A compound with molecular formula :



shows three signals in ^{13}C -NMR :

$$\delta = 150.2 \text{ (d)}$$

$$135.9 \text{ (d)}$$

$$123.9 \text{ (d)}$$

If off-resonance decoupled spectra deduce the structure of the compound.

(b) Explain the genesis of the ions :

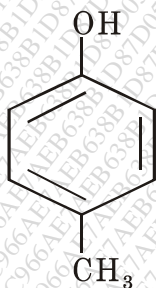
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(i)



$$m/e = 148, 91, 65$$

(ii)



$$m/e = 108, 107, 79, 77$$

Or

An organic compound with molecular formula $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_4$ shows the ahead spectral data. Assign the structure and justify the spectral data :

8

P.T.O.

WT

(6)

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UV : 213 nm (ϵ_{\max} 60)

IR : 2941-2857 cm^{-1} (m)

1745 cm^{-1} (s)

1458 cm^{-1} (m).

NMR : $\delta = 4.1$ (*q*, 4H) (*J* = 7.2 CPS)

2.6 (*t*, 4H) (*J* = 7.3 CPS)

1.3 (*t*, 6H) (*J* = 7.2 CPS).

4. Solve the following :

(a) A compound with M.F. $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ displays the following spectral data : 8

IR : 1690, 1600, 1580, 1490, 770, 690 cm^{-1}

PMR(δ) : 1.3 (*d*, 6H)

5.3 (septet, 1H)

7.3-7.7 (m, 5H)

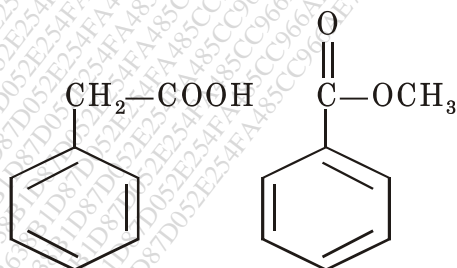
C-NMR (δ) : 22(*q*), 68(*d*), 128(*d*)

129(*d*), 131(*s*), 135(*d*)

175(*s*).

Or

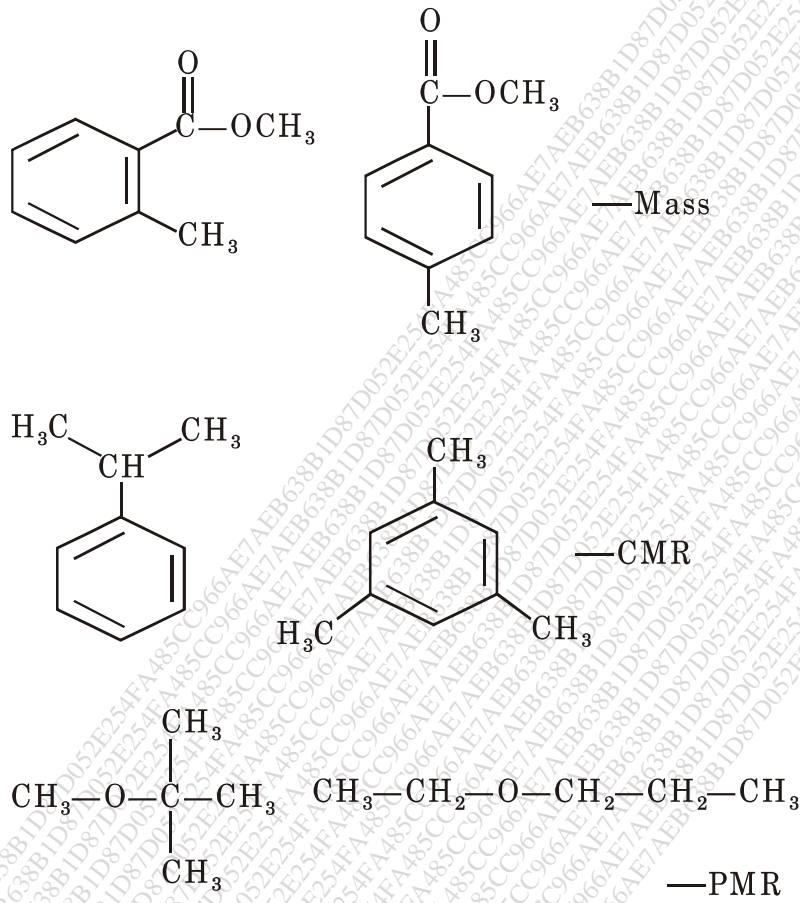
Distinguish between the following pairs by using the indicated spectral method : 8



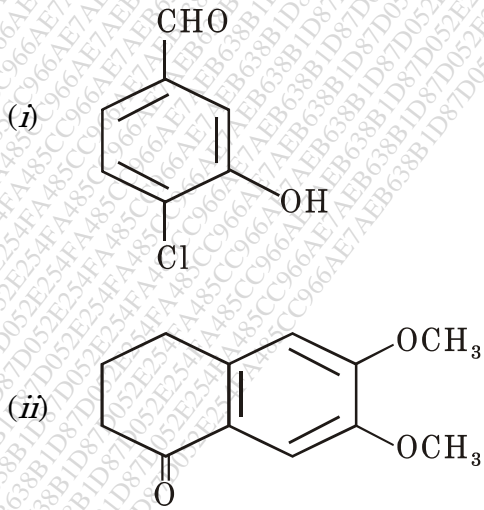
WT

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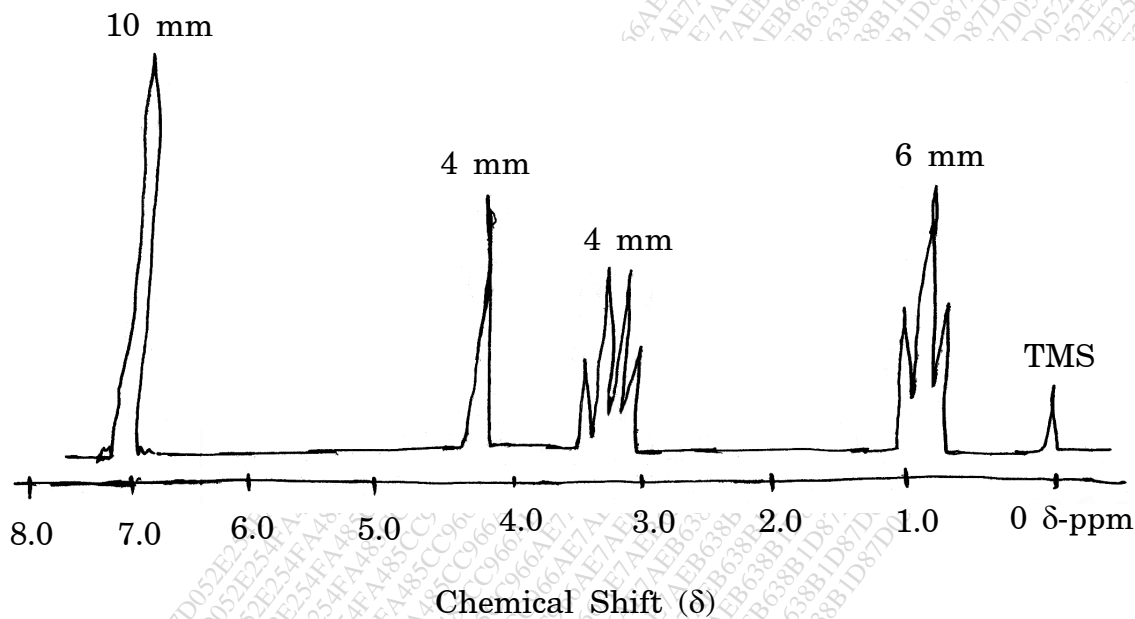
(b) Calculate λ_{\max} for the following compounds by A.I. Scott rules : 7



P.T.O.

Or

A compound $C_9H_{12}O$ shows the following PMR spectra. Deduce the structure :



5. (A) Select the correct answer from the following Multiple Choice Questions and rewrite complete answer :

(i) K-band originate due to transition.

- (a) $n - \sigma^*$
- (b) $n - \pi^*$
- (c) $\pi - \pi^*$
- (d) $\sigma - \sigma^*$

(ii) Total number of vibrational modes in HCN molecule is

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 5

- (iii) P-xylene shows the total number of signal in PMR spectrum is
- (a) one
- (b) two
- (c) three
- (d) four
- (iv) In ^{13}C NMR spectra chemical shifts normally in range between δ
- (a) 0—10 ppm
- (b) 0—15 ppm
- (c) 0—100 ppm
- (d) 0—220 ppm
- (v) *n*-alkyl benzene gives base peak in mass spectra at *m/e* ratio
- (a) 77
- (b) 91
- (c) 59
- (d) 65

(B) Write short notes on (any two) :

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- (i) McLafferty rearrangement.
- (ii) Combination band and Fermi resonance in IR.
- (iii) Effect of polar solvent on $n - \pi^*$ and $\pi - \pi^*$ in UV spectra.