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AY—152—2018

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

M.Sc. (Second Year) (Third Semester) EXAMINATION

MARCH/APRIL, 2018

(CBCS Pattern)

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Paper XVII (CH-533/2)

(Organic Synthesis—I)

(Friday, 13-4-2018)

Time : 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

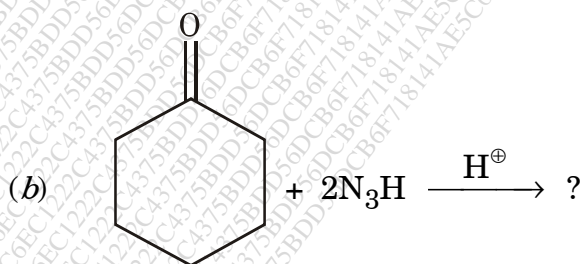
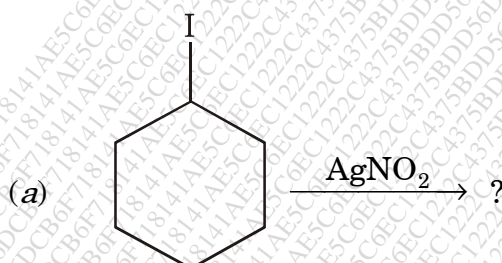
Maximum Marks—75

N.B. :— (i) All questions are compulsory.

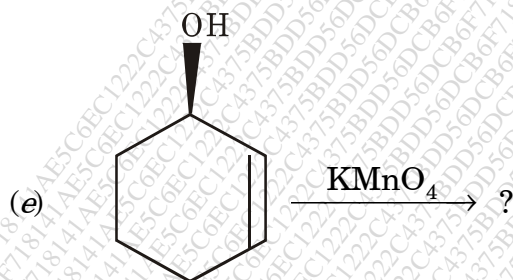
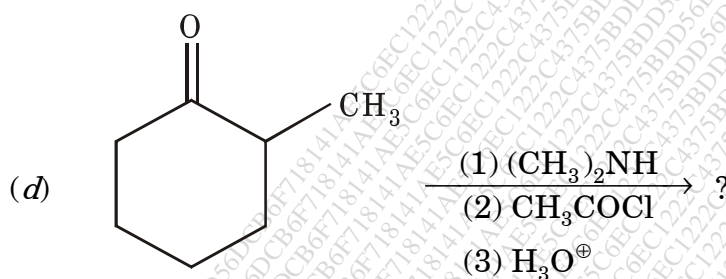
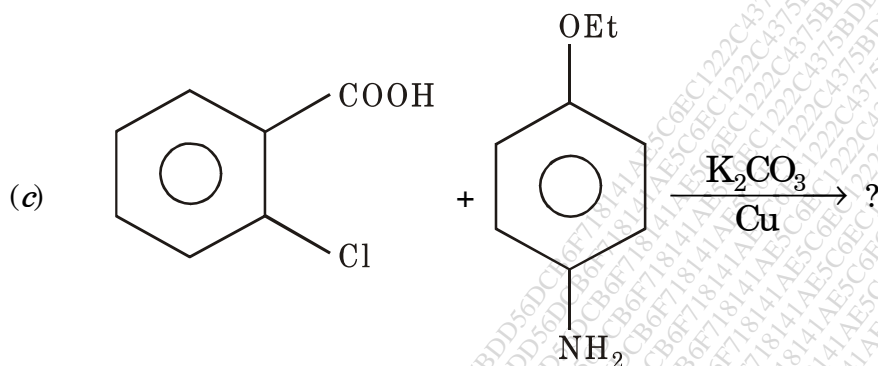
(ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Predict the product with mechanism (any *three*) :

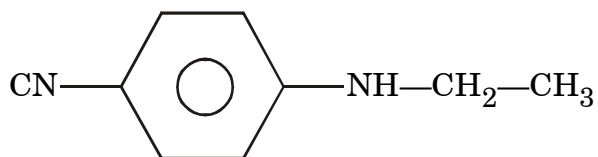
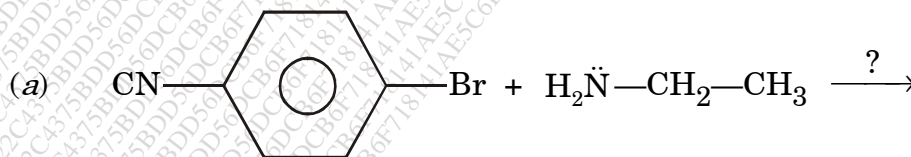
15

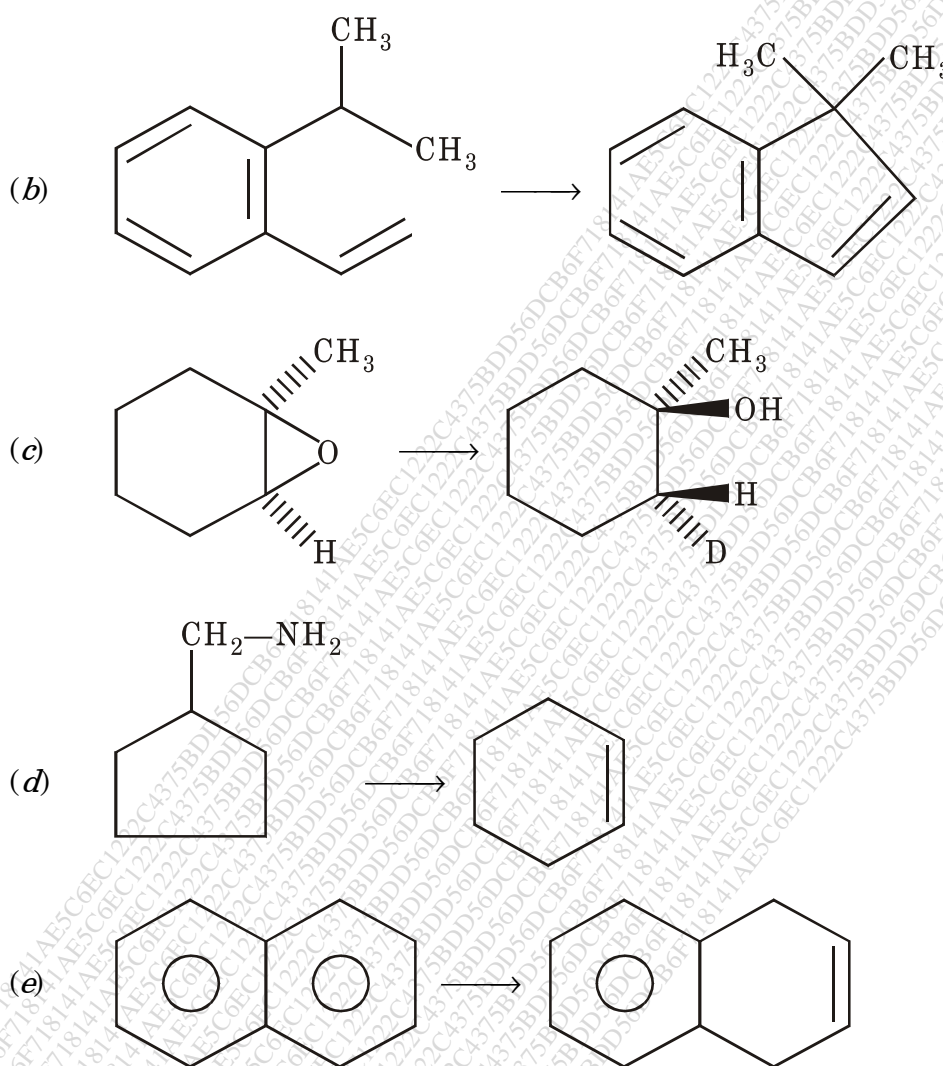


P.T.O.



2. Select suitable reagents for the following conversions and give appropriate mechanism (any *three*) : 15





3. Solve the following giving suitable example with mechanism :

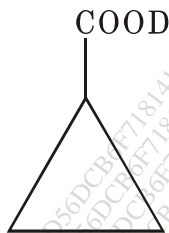
- (a) (i) Shapiro reaction
 (ii) Steven's rearrangement.
- Or*
- (i) N-bromosuccinamide
 (ii) Osmium tetroxide.

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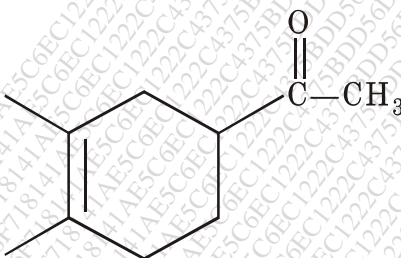
P.T.O.

(b) How will you prepare the following using : 7

(i) Favorskii rearrangement :

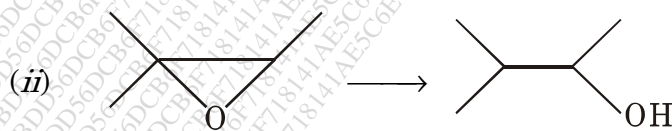
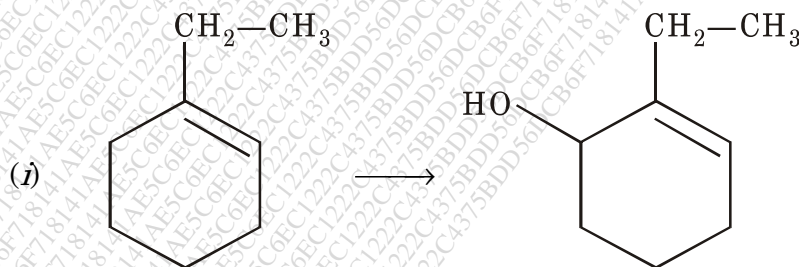


(ii) Diels-Alder reaction :



Or

Suggest the suitable reagent for the following conversions :



4. Solve the following :

(a) Discuss the following giving suitable example with mechanism : 8

(i) Benzidine rearrangement

(ii) Cleavage of 1, 2-diols using periodic acid.

Or

- (i) Bucherer reaction
- (ii) Brich reduction.
- (b) Explain the following : 7
- (i) Barton reaction is a photochemical reaction
- (ii) Tri-nbutyl tin hydride is hydride transfer reducing agents.

Or

- (i) Prevost hydroxylation gives Trans diols
- (ii) Claisen rearrangement is an example of aromatic rearrangement.
5. (A) Select and write the *correct* answer of the following choices : 5
- (i) Schmidt reaction is closely related to the :

- (a) Hofmann
- (b) Fries
- (c) Curtius
- (d) Both (a) and (c)

(ii) NBS is valuable reagent for the bromination of :

- (a) Phenol
- (b) Amines
- (c) Toluene
- (d) All of the above

(iii) dienophile is more reactive in Diels-Alder reaction.

- (a) $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH}_2$
- (b) $\text{CH}_3\text{—CH} = \text{CH}_2$
- (c) $\text{CH} \equiv \text{CH}$
- (d) $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH—CHO}$

P.T.O.

- (iv) To introduce one equivalent of double bond DDa is required.
- (a) One
 - (b) Two
 - (c) Three
 - (d) Four
- (v) reagents converts conjugated olefins into isolated olefins.
- (a) LiAlH_4
 - (b) AlH_3
 - (c) Na/Liq.NH_3
 - (d) OSO_4

(B) Write short notes on the following (any *two*) :

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- (i) Neber rearrangement
- (ii) Diimide reduction
- (iii) Swern oxidation.