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AG—114—2018

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

M.Sc. (Second Year) (Fourth Semester) EXAMINATION

OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 2018

(CBCS Pattern)

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(Photo Inorganic Chemistry)

Paper XVIII [CH-542/1]

(Thursday, 29-11-2018)

Time : 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Time—3 Hours

Maximum Marks—75

N.B. :— All questions are compulsory.

1. Answer any *three* out of five : 15
 - (a) Describe the conditions for excited state of ML_6 complexes.
 - (b) Discuss the importance of solar energy ratio.
 - (c) Explain the features of Frank Codon principle.
 - (d) How energy is dissipated during non-radiative process ?
 - (e) Write salient features of Grothuss-Draper law.
2. Answer any *three* out of five : 15
 - (a) Draw and explain Jablonski diagram of energy.
 - (b) Explain the relaxation process involved in excited ion.
 - (c) Explain with examples the mechanism of delayed reactions.
 - (d) Give examples of Photo-physical processes.
 - (e) Comment on coordination of Cr(III) complexes.
3. Answer the following :
 - (a) Discuss the origin of charge transfer spectra and discuss its significance. 8

P.T.O.

Or

State and explain the absorption of radiation by transition metal complexes.

- (b) What are the essential predictions made from MLCT spectra ? 7

Or

Write and explain the photolysis reactions.

4. Answer the following :

- (a) Enlist features of photochemical laws. 8

Or

What are the photo reduction reactions ? Explain with examples.

- (b) Explain the principle of photographic system. 7

Or

Describe the experimental details of Stop Flow technique.

5. (a) Choose the correct option from the given alternatives : 5

(1) A chemical reaction caused by absorption of infrared radiation is in the range

- (a) 100 to 400 nm
(b) 400 to 750 nm
(c) 759 to 2500 nm
(d) 250 to 350 mm

(2) According to for each photon of light absorbed by a chemical system, no more than one molecule is activated for a photochemical reaction.

- (a) Law of photolysis
(b) Second law of photochemistry
(c) First law of photochemistry
(d) Third law of photochemistry

- (3) A charge-transfer complex is an association of two or more molecules in which a fraction of electronic charge is transferred between the
- (a) Atomic entities
 - (b) Ionic entities
 - (c) Molecular entities
 - (d) Compound
- (4) Molecules that exhibit only small spin-orbit coupling type of non-radiative transition can give rise to
- (a) Phosphorescence
 - (b) Fluorescence
 - (c) Chemiluminescence
 - (d) Photoluminescence
- (5) Some photochemical reactions are faster than thermal reactions by magnitude of :
- (a) 10^{-1} seconds
 - (b) 10^{-4} seconds
 - (c) 10^{-6} seconds
 - (d) 10^{-9} seconds

(b) Write brief notes on (any two) :

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- (a) Photo rearrangement reaction
- (b) Absorption spectra of $[\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2]_6$ complexes
- (c) Quantum yield.