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SB-91-2022

FACULTY OF ARTS/SCIENCE

B.A./B.Sc. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION

MAY/JUNE, 2022

(New Pattern)

MATHEMATICS Paper-I

(Calculus)

(Thursday, 16-06-2022)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Time— 2.30 Hours

Maximum Marks—40

- N.B. := (i) Attempt all questions.
 - (ii) Illustrate year answer with suitably labelled diagrams, wherever necessary.
- 1. (a) State and prove Leibnitz's theorem

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(b) If
$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{b}\right) = \log\left(\frac{x}{n}\right)^n$$
, prove that:

$$x^2y_{n+2} + (2n + 1)xy_{n+1} + 2n^2y_n = 0$$
Or

(a) State and prove Taylor's theorem.

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- (b) Show that in the case of the curve $\beta y^2 = (x + \alpha)^3$, the square of the sub-tangent varies as the sub-normal.
- 2. State and prove Cauchy's mean value theorem and use Cauchy's mean value theorem to evaluate:

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$$\lim_{x \to 1} \left[\frac{\cos \frac{1}{2} \pi x}{\log \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)} \right]$$

P.T.O.

Or

(a) If $z = \delta(x, y)$ is a homogeneous function of x, y of degree n, then

$$x^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} z}{\partial x^{2}} + 2xy \frac{\partial^{2} z}{\partial x \partial y} + y^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} z}{\partial y^{2}} = n(n-1)z$$

(b) If
$$u = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x - y} \right)$$
, $x \neq y$, show that :

$$x\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \sin 2u.$$

- 3. Attempt any two of the following:
 - (i) Find the derivative of sech⁻¹x.
 - (ii) Expand $\log_e \cos(x + h)$ in powers of h by Taylor's theorem.
 - (iii) Prove that, for any quadratic function $px^2 + qx + r$, the value of θ in Lagrange's theorem is always 1/2 whatever p, q, r, a, h may be.
 - (iv) If $u = e^{xyz}$, show that :

$$\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x \partial y \partial z} = (1 + 3xyz + x^2y^2z^2)e^{xyz}$$