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SB—113—2022

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

B.Sc. (Second Year) (Fourth Semester) EXAMINATION

MAY/JUNE, 2022

(New Pattern)

MATHEMATICS

Paper IX

(Real Analysis-II)

(Friday, 17-06-2022)

Time: 2.00 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Time— 2½ Hours

Maximum Marks—40

- N.B. := (i) Attempt all questions.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. If p^* is a refinement of a partition p and $|f(x)| \le k$, for all $x \in [a, b]$, then show that :
 - (i) $L(p^*, f) \ge L(p, f)$ and
 - (ii) $L(p^*, f) \leq U(p, f)$ and
 - $(iii) \quad \mathrm{L}(p,\,f) \leq \mathrm{L}(p^*,\,f) \leq \mathrm{L}(p,\,f) \,+\, 2pk\mu$

Or

(a) A function f is integrable over [a, b] iff for $\epsilon > 0 \exists \delta > 0$ if p, p' are any two partitions of [a, b] with mesh less than δ , then prove that : 8

$$\left| \mathbf{S}(p, f) - \mathbf{S}(p', f) \right| < \epsilon$$

(b) If a function f is continuous on [a, b], then prove that there exists a number ξ in [a, b] such that :

$$\int_{a}^{b} f \, dx = f(\xi)(b - a)$$

P.T.O.

2. If a function f is bounded and integrable on [a, b], then prove that the function F defined as $F(n) = \int_a^b f(t)dt$, $a \le x \le b$ is continuous on [a, b], and further more, show that if f is continuous at a point C on [a, b] then F is derivable at C and F'(c) = f(c).

Also show that : 10+5=15

$$\int_0^t f dx = 1 - \cos t$$

where $f(x) = \sin x$.

- 3. Attempt any *two*:
 - (a) If f is bounded and integrable on [a, b], then prove that |f| is also bounded and integrable on [a, b].
 - (b) If a function f is monotonic on [a, b], then prove that it is integrable on [a, b].
 - (c) Show that $\int_0^1 \frac{\sin 1/x}{x^p} dx$, p > 0 converges absolutely for p > 1.
 - (d) If f and g are positive and $f(x) \le g(x)$, for all x in [a, X], then prove that:
 - (i) $\int_a^\infty f dx$ converges, if $\int_a^\infty g dx$ converges.
 - (ii) $\int_a^\infty g dx$ diverges, if $\int_a^\infty f dx$ diverges.