

This question paper contains 2 printed pages]

SB—132—2022

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

B.Sc. (Third Year) (Fifth Semester) EXAMINATION

JUNE/JULY, 2022

(CBCS/Old Pattern)

MATHEMATICS

Paper XIV

(Complex Analysis)

(Monday, 20-6-2022)

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Time—2½ Hours

Maximum Marks—40

N.B. :— (i) All questions are compulsory.

(ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Discuss the method to find n th root of non-zero complex number ' z_0 '. Hence determine the n th root of unity. 15

Or

(a) Use de-Moivre's formula to derive the following trigonometric identities : 8

(i) $\cos 3\theta = \cos^3 \theta - 3 \cos \theta \cdot \sin^2 \theta$

(ii) $\sin 3\theta = 3 \cos^2 \theta \cdot \sin \theta - \sin^3 \theta.$

(b) Prove that :

(i) z is real if and only if $\bar{z} = z.$

(ii) z is either real or pure imaginary if and only if $\bar{z}^2 = z^2$

where \bar{z} – conjugate of $z = x + iy.$

2. If a function $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ is analytic in a domain D. Then prove that its component function u and v are harmonic in D. Moreover show that $u(x, y) = 2x - x^3 + 3xy^2$ is harmonic and find its harmonic conjugate $v(x, y).$ 15

P.T.O.

Or

(a) Suppose that :

$$f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y),$$

$$z_0 = x_0 + iy_0 \text{ and } w_0 = u_0 + iv_0$$

Then prove,

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow z_0} f(z) = w_0$$

if and only if

$$\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} u(x, y) = u_0 \text{ and}$$

$$\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} v(x, y) = v_0$$

(b) Suppose that a function $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ and its conjugate

$$\overline{f(z)} = u(x, y) - iv(x, y)$$

are both analytic in a given domain D. Then show that $f(z)$ is constant throughout D. 73. Attempt any *two* of the following : 10

(a) Find the principal value of :

(i) $(-i)^i$

(iii) $z^{2/3}$.

(b) Explain Logarithmic function for non-zero complex variable 'z'.

(c) Find all the values of z such that $e^z = -2$.

(d) Find the derivatives :

(i) $\frac{d}{dz} (\sinh z)$

(ii) $\frac{d}{dz} (\cosh z)$.