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## NA-70-2023

## FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

## B.Sc. (First Year) (First Semester) EXAMINATION NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2023

(New Course)

## **MATHEMATICS**

Paper II

(Algebra and Trigonometry)

(Friday, 15-12-2023)

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Time—Two Hours

Maximum Marks—40

- N.B. := (i) Attempt all questions.
  - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 1. (A) (i) Prove that the necessary and sufficient condition for a square matrix A to possess the inverse is that  $|A| \neq 0$  i.e. A is non-singular.
  - (ii) Find the inverse of the matrix:

 $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} d_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & d_2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & d_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & d_4 \end{bmatrix}.$ 

Or

- (B) (i) Define the following:
  - (a) Minor of order K of a matrix.
  - (b) Rank of a matrix.
  - (c) Row equivalent matrix.
  - (d) Column rank of a matrix.

P.T.O.

7

8

(ii) Find a row echelon matrix which is row equivalent to: 7

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 8 & 2 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- 2. (A) Define characteristic roots and characteristic vectors. Prove that a characteristic vector X of a matrix A cannot correspond to more than one characteristic roots of A.
  - (B) For what values of  $\lambda$ ,  $\mu$  the system of equations :

$$x + y + z = 6$$

$$x + 2y + 3z = 10$$

$$x + 2y + \lambda z = \mu$$

has:

- (i) no solution
- (ii) a unique solution
- (iii) an infinite number of solutions.

Or

Express  $\sin^n \theta$  in a series of cosines or sines of multiples of  $\theta$  according as n is an even or odd integer.

Expand  $\sin^6 \theta$  in a series of cosines of multiples of  $\theta$  and  $\sin^7 \theta$  in a series of sines of multiple of  $\theta$ .

3. Attempt any two of the following:

5 each

- (a) If A and B are two symmetric matrices of the same order, show that AB is symmetric if and only if AB = BA.
- (b) Solve the equations:

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 0$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 + 4x_4 = 0$$

$$2x_1 + x_3 - x_4 = 0$$

(c) Find the rank of the matrix:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 2 \\ 1 & -3 & 6 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

by minor method.

(d) Separate into real and imaginary parts of the expression  $\cosh(\alpha + i\beta)$ .