#### Current Global Reviewer

UGC Approved International Research Refereed Journal For All Subjects & All Languages

ISSN 2319-8648

Impact Factor - 2.143 Indexed (IIJIF

**UGC** Approved Sr. No. 64310



SPECIAL ISSUE

(20 Sept. 2017) Volume I, Issue-I

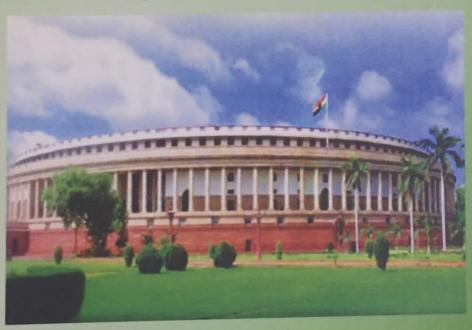
On the Occasion of ICSSR SPONSORED One Day National Conference On



### **ROLE OF PANCHAYAT RAJ IN RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA**

Organized by

Department of Public - Administration, Vasundhara College, Ghatnandur Tq. Ambajogai, Dist. Beed (M.S.)



**Editor in Chief** Mr. Arun Godam

**Guest Editors** 

Principal Dr. Arun Dalve

Vasundhara College, Ghatnandur Tq. Ambajogai, Dist. Beed (MS)

Assit. Prof. S.D. Dixit Head Dept. of Public Administration Vasundhara College, Ghatnandur

Assit. Prof. H.W. Jadhav Dept. of Public Administration

www.rjournals.co.in

# Role of Panchayat Raj in Rural Development in India CURRENT GLOBAL REVIEWER

www.rjournals.co.in Vol I Issue I, 20 Sept. 2017

(6)

UGC Approved Sr. No. 64310 ISSN : 2319 - 8648 Impact Factor : 2.143



Sr.	Article Title	Author	
No.		Addiof	Page
X	Women Empowerment Through Panchayati Raj Institutions	Dr. B. R. Katturwar.	no.
2	Drinking water quality in rural India: Issues	Mr. Cl. '11 No.	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}$
	and approaches	Mr. Shaikh Mohmmad Hanif Ismailsab	3
3	Impact Of Jalyukta-Shivar Abhiyan: A Study	Dr. Shinde Prakash	
	Of Manjara River In Latur District	Raosaheb	7
4	Role of Panchyat Raj in Poverty Eradication	Dr. Vandana M. Mahure	+
5	महात्मा गांधी राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण रोजगार गारंटी योजना-एक	डॉ.पिंपळे बी.एस. , प्रा.दीक्षित	11
	चिकित्सा	एस.डी.	13
6	ई-पंचायतों से सशक्त होता पंचायतराज	प्रा.डॉ. बिरंगणे एस.एस.	17
7	ग्रामीण विकासाच्या संदर्भात ग्रामपंचायतीच्या कार्यक्षमतेचा अभ्यास-	प्रा.डॉ. गंगणे जीवन सुदामराव	20
	दिवाबत्तीच्या विशेष संदर्भात : मराठवाडा एक अध्ययन	3,	20
8	पंचायतराज व्यवस्थेतील ग्रामसभेचे महत्व	प्रा अमोल उत्तमराव गंगणे	25
9	महिला नेतृत्व व महिला सक्षमीकरण	प्रा.डॉ.आकोलकर आशा दगडू	28
10	पंचायतराज महिला आरक्षण आणि महिला सबलीकरण	प्राचार्य, डॉ. अरुण दळवे	31
11	ग्रामीण जीवन आणि जलयुक्त शिवार	प्रा.डॉ.सुधाकर भालेराव	34
12	पंचायतराज व ग्राम विकास	प्रा.बिडवे टी.एस	37
13	पंचायत राज आणि महिला सक्षमीकरण	डॉ.चव्हाण संजय संदिपान	40
14	ग्रामीण विकासामध्ये ग्रामसभेची भूमीका	डॉ. दिपक एस. वाघमारे	41
15	ग्रामीण विकास आणि पंचायतराज व्यवस्था	प्रा.डॉ. जे.एस. ढवळे	45
16	रोल ऑफ पंचायरत राज इन रुरल डेव्हलपमेंट इन इंडिया	डॉ. मंचक रंगनाथराव मोरे	47
	भारताच्या ग्रामीण विकासात पंचायत राजचे योगदान		
17	पंचायतराज संस्था मधील महिला नेतृत्वाचा	प्रा.डॉ.कदम एच.पी.	50
	राजकीय अभ्यास	प्रा डहाळे सचिन	
18	नेतृत्व विकासात पंचायतराजची भूमिका	डॉ. शंकर लेखणे	53
19	ग्रामीण नेतृत्व विकासात पंचायतराजची भूमिका	प्रा.डॉ.सोमवंशी मुक्ता (गंगणे)	56
20	ग्रामीण विकासात पंचायतराच्या कार्यक्षमतेची भूमिका	डॉ. कल्पना हनुमंतराव घारगे	60
21	स्वच्छ भारत अभियानात पंचायतराजची भुमिका	प्रा. जाधव हेमराज वामनराव	63
22	जलयुक्त शिवार आणि ग्रामीण विकास	डॉ.जिजाबाई कांगणे	65
23	भारतातील ग्रामीण विकासात प्रशासनाची भूमिका	डॉ. जोगदंड संजय पांड्रंग	69
	एक चिकित्सक अभ्यास.		
24	ग्रामीण विकासासाठी रोजगार हमी योजना	डॉ.व्यंकट विळेगावे ,	71
	N. H. I MANZING VISTING OF ALSO	डॉ. नागनाथ कळबंडे	
25	पंचायतराज व्यवस्था आणि ग्रामीण विकास : एक मुल्यमापन	सुनिता कांबळे,	74
	। प्रयानतराण व्यवस्था आणि प्रामाण विकास : एक मुरुपमीपन 	प्रा. संजय कांबळ	
	<u> </u>	प्रा. डी.के. कटके	78
26	पंचायतराज व्यवस्थेचे अवलोकन		80
27	ग्रामीण स्वच्छता- आव्हाने आणि पुढील वाटचाल	डॉ.डी.के.खोकले	$-\frac{1}{83}$
28	महिला सक्षमीकरणात पंचायतराजची भूमिका	डॉ.संतोष कु-हे	0-
		सहा.प्रा.आरडले एस.डी.	85
29	पंचायत राज व्यवस्था महिलांचा राजकीय सहभाग	डॉ. देशमुख विठ्ठल शंकरराव	87
30	महात्मा गांधी राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण रोजगार हमी योजना विशेष संदर्भ	प्रा. डॉ. आमले एस. एस.	

(

(1)

www.rjournals.co.in Vol I Issue I, 20 Sept. 2017 UGC Approved Sr. No. 64310

ISSN: 2319 - 8648

Impact Factor: 2.143



(1)

## Women Empowerment Through Panchayati Raj Institutions

Dr. B. R. Katturwar. Associate Professor&H.O.D Public Administration Degloor College, Degloor

Indian social system of ancient times had offered secondary place to the women. Their life was limited (Chul aani Mul) and restricted by the orthodox concepts, male dominated culture, traditional attitude. women were educationally politically and socially oppressed. They were deprived from their basic rights and needs. These women were treated inhumanly as on the part of so called Male community in Indian society. A lot of study has been done at International, National and State level regarding women empowerment. It is observed that many of the countries, including India there is a lot of space for women empowerment. Women are not treated equal to men in most part of world. It caused many problems created in the society. The existed inequality between Women and men creates disturbance in the development of India. Women empowerment will make a strong society and strong Democracy.

With the spread of education contemporary rural womrn understand their rights, their place in the society. The movement of women empowerment has been started in the 19<sup>th</sup> century Savitribai Phule and jotiba Phule. After independence the Panchayati Raj Institutions has been established for rural development. Till 1993 the participation of women in Panchayat Raj institutions was meager. As per the 73<sup>rd</sup> constitutional amendment the provision has been made for the reserve seats for backward class men and women. In result of that this women leaders came into the main stream particularly women have got opportunities to lead in panchayat raj Institutions.

The reservation has brought greater and positive changes in the life of women and backward class women's The women those who were not even used to attend public programmes like flag hoisting, inauguration functions, leading programmes etc. Due this amendment women started taking active participation in various public functions, they started serving through different streams. The high class people's approach towards woman leaders is positively changing. Women are getting respect at various stages. People are accepting women's leadership and it is creating favorable atmosphere towards social justice. Day by day the gap between high class community and backward class community is getting reduced.

The economic and familial condition of these backward women leaders is not much satisfactory even today. They are trying to overcome their problems and proving their best in duties. Due to the active participation and contribution in Panchayat Raj Institutions the various schemes for backward community are being implemented effectively. Social change is not an overnight job, it is a continuous process, slow but steady will march towards its ultimate aim. The strength of women is increased and the qualitative change is seen among women. There is a positive change in mentality of high class and backward community, both are trying to understand each other and maintaining good and healthy relationship. This is the achievement of 73<sup>rd</sup> constitutional amendment.

To make backward class women's role more effective in rural development the educated women should step forward. The women who have social attachment and social responsibility are expected to take active participation in Panchayat Raj institutions. It is also equally important that expected to take active participation in Panchayat Raj institutions. It is also equally important that expected to take active participation in Panchayat Raj institutions. It is also equally important that expected to take active participation in Panchayat Raj institutions. It is also equally important that expected to take active participation in Panchayat Raj institutions. It is also equally important that expected to take active participation in Panchayat Raj institutions. It is also equally important that expected to take active participation in Panchayat Raj institutions. It is also equally important that expected to take active participation in Panchayat Raj institutions. It is also equally important that expected to take active participation in Panchayat Raj institutions and institutions are expected to take active participation in Panchayat Raj institutions.

harmoniously.

### Role of Panchayat Raj in Rural Development in India CURRENT GLOBAL REVIEWER

www.rjournals.co.in
Vol I Issue I, 20 Sept. 2017

(2)

UGC Approved Sr. No. 64310

ISSN: 2319 - 8648





The study was undertaken panchayati Raj Institutions and Women empowerment. It is so found that the socio-economic factor has been changed after participation of women in Panchayat Raj institutions. There are emerging issues that need to be addressed to make the role of women in the long run. We may conclude that the Rural development activities of Women leaders in panchayati Raj institutions are successful. In this way 73<sup>rd</sup> constitutional amendment is successful for empowerment of women through panchayati Raj Institutions.