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**SA—59—2025**

**FACULTY OF ARTS/SCIENCE**

**B.Sc. (Second Year) (Third Semester) EXAMINATION**

**APRIL/MAY, 2025**

**(New/CBCS Pattern)**

**MATHEMATICS**

**Paper-VI**

**(Real Analysis-I)**

**(Monday-, 21-4-2025)**

**Time : 2.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m.**

*Time—2 Hours*

*Maximum Marks—40*

*N.B. :—* (i) *All questions are compulsory.*

(ii) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. (a) Prove that, the intersection of arbitrary family of closed set is closed.  
Also show that the  $\sqrt{8}$  is not rational number. 15

*Or*

(b) If  $\{a_n\}, \{b_n\}$  be two sequences such that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = a, \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = b,$   
then prove that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (a_n + b_n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = a + b.$  8

(c) Show that the sequence  $\{S_n\}$ , where  $S_n = \frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{1}{n+2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n+n},$   
 $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$  is convergent. 7

P.T.O.

2. (a) Prove that a necessary condition for convergence of an infinite series

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_n$  is that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} u_n = 0$ . Hence show that the series  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4} \dots$  is not convergent. 15

Or

- (b) If  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_n$  is a positive term series such that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \left( \frac{u_{n+1}}{u_n} - 1 \right) = l$

then prove that the series :

(i) converges, if  $l > 1$ ,

(ii) diverges, if  $l < 1$ ,

(iii) the test fails, if  $l = 1$ . 8

- (c) Show that the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3.6.9 \dots 3n}{7.10.13 \dots (3n+4)} x^n, x > 0$ . converges if  $x \leq 1$  and diverges if  $x > 1$ . 7

3. Attempt any *two* of the following : 10

(a) If S and T to subsets of real number then show that,  $(S \cap T)' \Rightarrow S' \cap T'$

(b) If  $\{a_n\}, \{b_n\}$  are two sequences such that :

(i)  $a_n \leq b_n, \forall n$ ,

(ii)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = a, \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = b$ , then prove that  $a \leq b$ .

(c) Prove that, every absolute convergent series is convergent.

(d) Show that, the series  $\frac{1.2}{3^2.4^2} + \frac{3.4}{5^2.6^2} + \frac{5.6}{7^2.8^2} + \dots$  is convergent.